

Product Information EOSINT P/ PA2200-Pulver

PA2200 is a fine-powder on the basis of polyamide 12. In comparison to standard polyamide 12 PA2200 is characterized by higher crystallinity and higher melting point as result of specific production process. PA2200 contains stabilizers against oxidation.

Powder Properties

| Property | Measurement Method DIN/ISO | Unit | Value |
|---|--|-------------------|----------------|
| Bulk density | DIN 53466 | g/cm ³ | > 0,430 |
| Mean grain size d ₅₀ grain size d ₁₀ grain size d ₉₀ | Laser diffraction (Malvern Mastersizer) | µm | 58 40 90 |

General Properties

| Property | Measurement Method DIN/ISO | Units | Value |
|--|-------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Melting temperature | DSC | °C | 184 |
| Melting enthalpy | | J/g | ca. 115 |
| Crystallization temperature | | °C | 138 |
| Water absorption 100°C, saturation in water 23°C, 96% RF 23°C, 50% RF | DIN 53495 | % | 1,93 1,33 0,52 |
| Coefficient of linear thermal expansion | DIN 53752-A | x10 ⁻⁴ /K | 1,09 |
| Specific heat | DIN 51005 | J/gK | 2,35 |
| Solution viscosity | EN ISO 307 | Eta rel | 1,6 |
| Molecular weight Mol mean M _n Weight mean M _w | | g/mol | 3000 9600 |


Density and Mechanical Properties of sintered parts*

| Property | Measurement Method DIN/ISO | Unit | Value |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| Density | EOS-Methode | g/cm ³ | 0,90 – 0,95 |
| Tensile modulus | DIN EN ISO 527 | N/mm ² | 1700 ± 150 |
| Tensile strength | DIN EN ISO 527 | N/mm ² | 45 ± 3 |
| Elongation at break | DIN EN ISO 527 | % | 20 ± 5 |
| Flexural modulus | DIN EN ISO 178 | N/mm ² | 1240 ± 130 |
| Charpy-Impact strength | DIN EN ISO 179 | kJ/m ² | 53 ± 3,8 |
| Charpy-Notched impact strength | DIN EN ISO 179 | kJ/m ² | 4,8 ± 0,3 |
| Izod-Impact strength | DIN EN ISO 180 | kJ/m ² | 32,8 ± 3,4 |
| Izod-Notched impact strength | DIN EN ISO 180 | KJ/m ² | 4,4 ± 0,4 |
| Ball indentation hardness | DIN EN ISO 2039 | N/mm ² | 77,6 ± 2 |
| Shore-D-hardness | DIN 53505 | | 75 ± 2 |

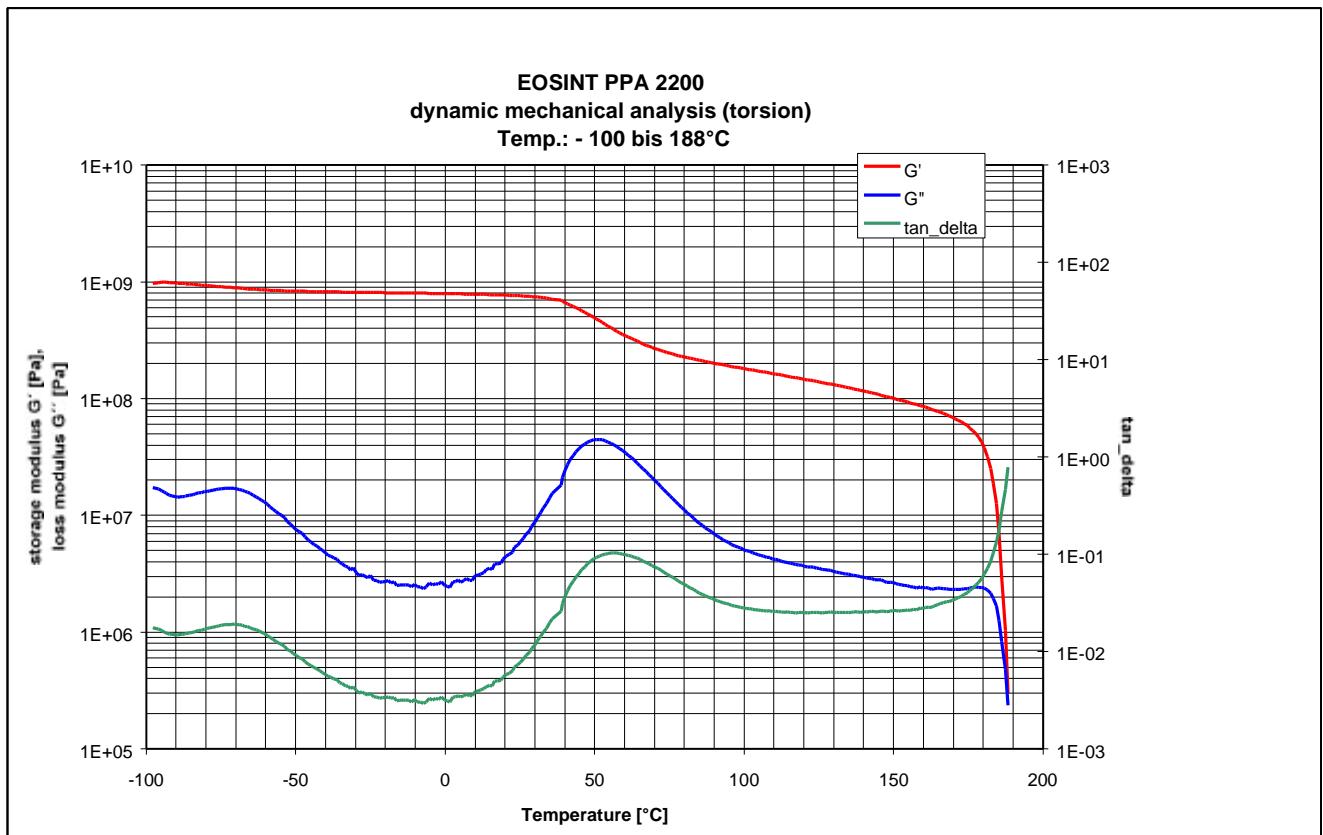
*Density and mechanical properties of sintered part depend on exposure parameters and on x,y,z-position in building room.

Thermal properties of sintered part

| Property | Measurement Method DIN/ISO | Unit | Value |
|--|-------------------------------|------|----------------|
| Vicat softening temperature B/50 A/50 | DIN EN ISO 306 | °C | 163 181 |
| Thermal conductivity Vertical to sintered layers ..parallel to sintered layers | DIN 52616 | W/mK | 0,144 0,127 |

Short term influence of temperature on mechanical properties

A overview about the temperature dependence of mechanical properties of PA12 can be retrieved from the curves for dynamic shear modulus and loss factor as function of temperature according to ISO 537.

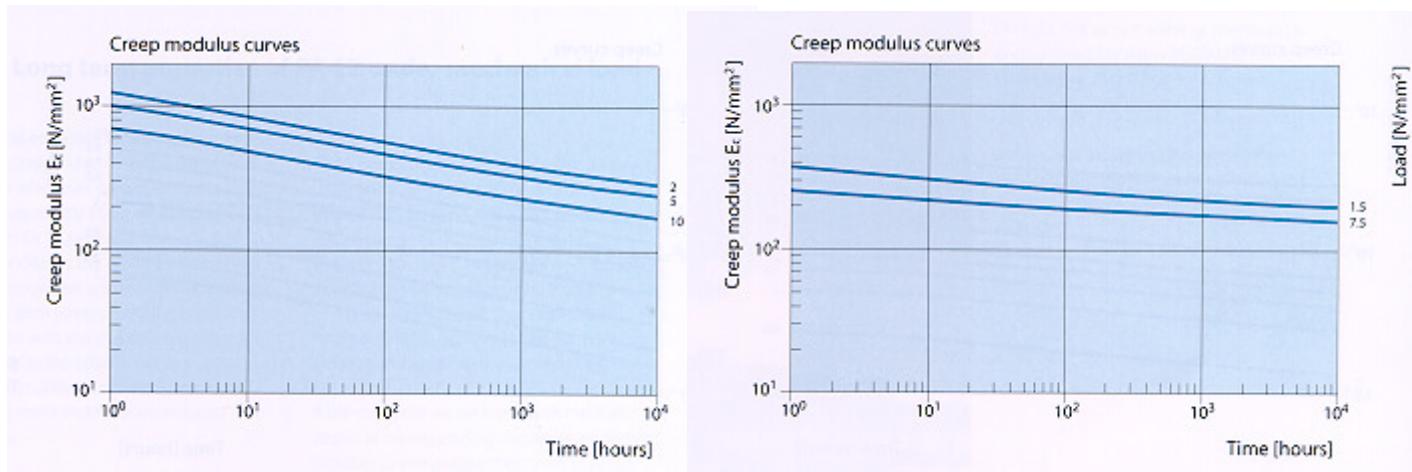


In general Polyamid12 – parts show high mechanical strength and elasticity under steady stress in a temperature range from - 40°C bis + 80°C. Short time loading of PA12-parts without stress is possible up to 160°C.

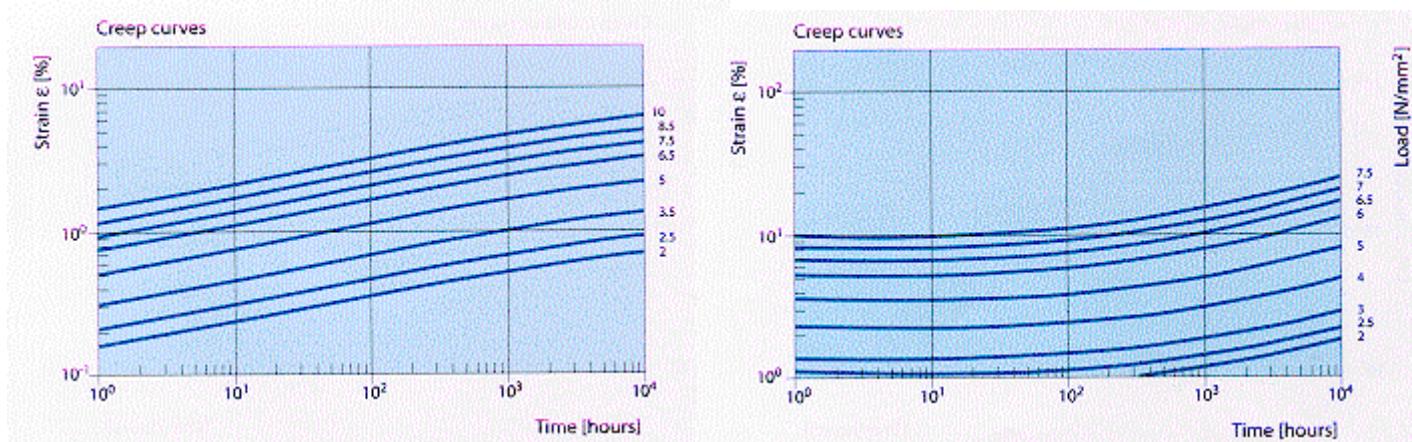
Long term properties under mechanical load and temperature

In general thermoplastics have higher mechanical strength under short term load than under long term load (> 1000 h) as result of creep. This occurs mostly at higher temperatures and leads to a reduction of modulus (creep modulus). Usually the creep resistance (mechanical properties under continuous load) is determined with the uniaxial tensile creep test (DIN 53444) under different loads and temperatures.

Creep modulus curves PA12 at $T = 23^\circ/100^\circ\text{C}$



Creep elongation curves PA12 at $T = 23^\circ\text{C}/100^\circ\text{C}$



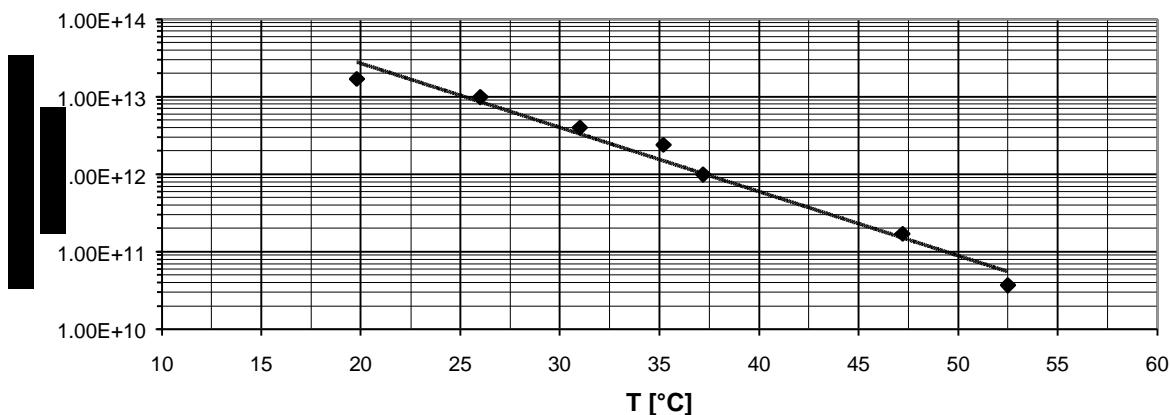
Electrical Properties

| Property | Unit | Measurement Method DIN/ISO | Value |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| Volume Resistance | $\Omega \cdot \text{cm}$ | DIN 53482 ICE-Publ. 93 | $10^{13} - 10^{15}$ |
| Surface Resistance | Ω | DIN 53482 ICE-Publ. 93 | 10^{13} |
| Relative Permittivity(1 kHz) | 10^2 Hz | DIN 53483 ICE-Publ. 250 | 3,8 |
| Dielectric strength | kV/mm | DIN 53481 | 92 |
| Dielectric dissipation factor (1 kHz) | - | DIN 53483 ICE-Publ. 250 | 0,05 – 0,09 |

The electrical properties depend on temperature and relative air humidity strongly. The above mentioned values characterize polyamide 12 at following conditions: storage at 23°C, 50% air humidity up to saturation.

The details contained herein characterize the electrical behaviour of material and not of a specified building part. The details are based on our present state of knowledge and experience. We do, however, pass them without any warranty or property assurance.

Temperature dependence of Volume Resistance of PA12





Flammability/ Burning Behaviour

The powder contains no flame retardants. So PA2200-parts can burn. Fillers like glass intensify flammability as result of wicking.

Flammable gases forms at temperature above 350°C. Combustion in excess air produces CO, CO₂, H₂O and nitrogen containing compounds as end products.

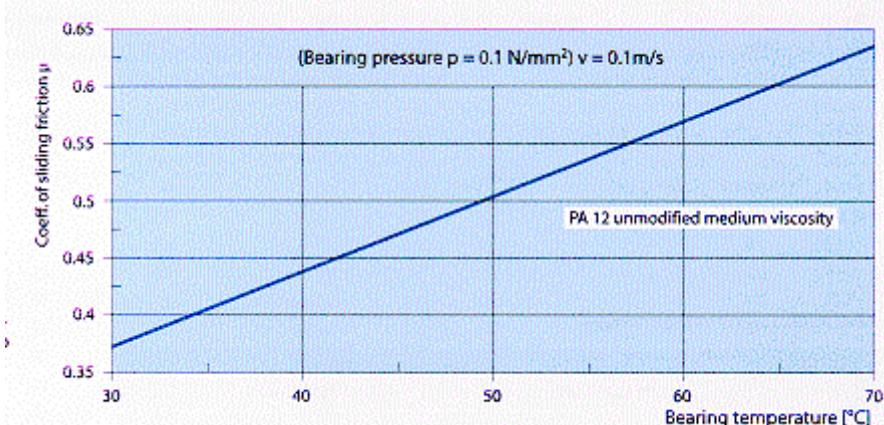
| Property | Unit | Measurement Method DIN/ISO | Value |
|----------------------|-------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Ignition temperature | °C | DIN 51794 | > 350°C |
| Flammability | class | IEC 60707* ISO 1210 (1,6 mm) | HB (horizontal burning) |
| Flammability | class | UL94* (3,2 mm) | HB (horizontal burning) |

* flammability test as approval for electrical application

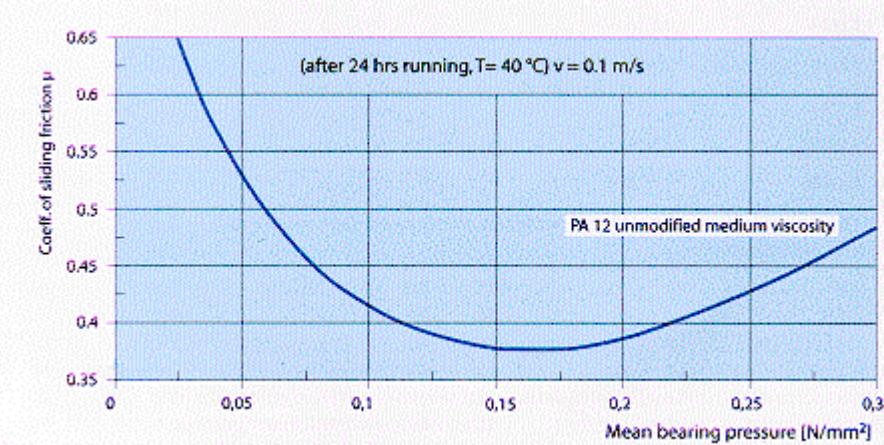
The details contained herein characterize the burning behaviour of material and not of a specified building part. The details are based on our present state of knowledge and experience. We do, however, pass them without any warranty or property assurance.

Frictional Properties, Abrasion and Wear

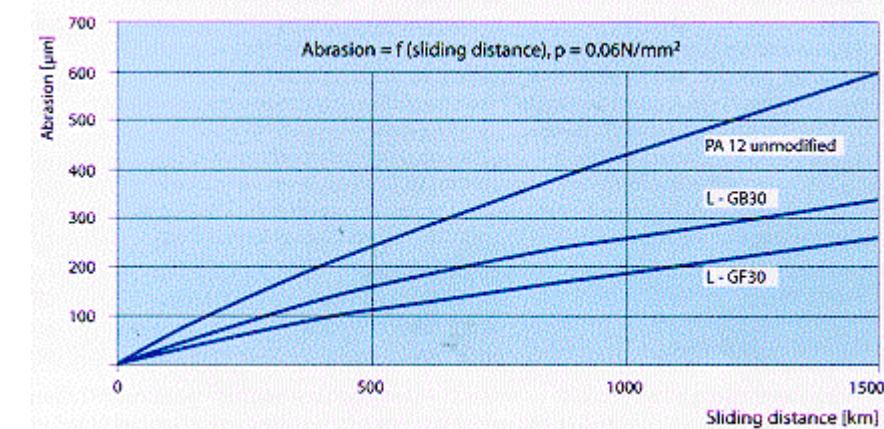
Polyamid 12 is characterized by a low coefficient of friction and by very good abrasion resistance.



Coefficient of sliding friction in dependence of bearing temperature (Lubrimeter test acc. A. Bartel)



Coefficient of sliding friction as function of pressure load (Lubrimeter test acc. A. Bartel)



Abrasion on bearing as function of the sliding distance and PA12-modification (L-GB30/glass spheres; L-GF30-glass fibres)

Abrasion of sintered parts according to Taber-Test

| Material | Unit | Method | Value |
|----------|------|-----------|-------|
| PA2200 | mg | DIN 53754 | 34 |
| PA3200GF | | | 30 |



Chemical Resistance of PA12

| Duration | | 6 Month | 4 Weeks |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------|---------|
| Medium | Concentration | 20°C | 60°C |
| Aceton | 100 | + | + |
| Battery acid | 10 | ⊗ | - |
| Formic acid | | + | O |
| Ammonia, aqueous solution | Conz. | + | + |
| Aniline | 100 | ⊕ | |
| Apple juice | | + | + |
| Asphalt | | + | + |
| Barium salts | | + | + |
| Petrol | | + | + |
| Benzene | 100 | + | O |
| Beer | | + | |
| Brake fluid | | + | + |
| Butane Gas | 100 | + | + |
| Butane Liquid | 100 | + | |
| Butter | | + | |
| Chlorine, liquid | 100 | - | - |
| Chrome bath, techn. | | - | - |
| Chrome acid | 10 | - | - |
| Cyclohexanone | 100 | + | O |
| Dibutylphthalate(Vestinol®C) | | + | + |
| Diethyl-Ether (Kp 35°C) | 100 | ⊕ | |
| Diocetylphthalate (Vestinol ®AH) | | + | + |
| Dixan® Base | Useable | + | + |
| Acetic acid | 10 | + | ⊗ |
| Ethyl-Acetate | | + | ⊕ |
| Ethyl-Alcohol, denature | 100 | + | ⊕ |
| Fish | | + | |
| Anti freezer | | + | + |
| Dishes cleaner | | + | + |
| Glycerine | 100 | + | + |
| Glycol | 100 | + | + |

+ = resistant

- = non-resistant

⊕= practical resistant; O= conditional-resistant; ⊗= little resistant



Chemical Resistance of PA12/ continued

| Duration | | 6 Month | 4 Weeks |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|----------|----------|
| Medium | Concentration | T = 20°C | T = 60°C |
| Fuel Oil | | + | + |
| coffee, drinkable | | + | |
| Caustig | 50 | + | + |
| Potassium Chlorate aqueous solution | cold saturated (7,3) | ⊕ | O |
| Potass. Permanganate aqueous solution | Cold saturated (6,4) | ⊗ | - |
| Linseed Oil | | + | + |
| Magnesium Salts aqueous solution | | + | + |
| Methylethyl-Ketone | 100 | + | O |
| Methanol | 100 | + | ⊕ |
| Milk | | + | + |
| Lactid Acid aqueous solution | 10 | ⊕ | O |
| Sodium-Chloride aqueous solution | Cold saturated | + | + |
| Sodium-Hypochloride aqueous solution | 5 | ⊕ | ⊗ |
| Sodium hydroxid | 50 | + | + |
| Ozone (0,5 ppm) | | O | |
| Paraffin | 100 | + | + |
| Persil® Base | useable | + | + |
| Petroleum | 100 | + | + |
| Propane Gases | 100 | + | + |
| Pyridine | 100 | + | |
| Rum | 40 | + | + |
| Nitric Acid | 10 | - | - |
| Salt Acid | 10 | - | - |
| Soft Soap | | + | + |
| Sulphur | 100 | + | + |
| Sulphur Acid | 10 | ⊕ | ⊗ |
| Sea Water | | + | + |
| Silicon Oil | | + | + |
| Edible Oil, animal + vegetable | | + | + |

+ = resistant

- = non-resistant

⊕= practical resistant; O= conditional resistant; ⊗= little resistant



Chemical Resistance PA12/ continued

| Duration | | 6 Month | 4 Weeks |
|------------------------------------|----------------|---------|---------|
| Medium | Concentration | 20°C | 60°C |
| Toluene | 100 | + | ⊗ |
| Tomato Juice | | + | + |
| Trichlorethylene | 100 | O | ⊗ |
| Water | 100 | + | + |
| Hydrogen-Peroxide aqueous solution | 30 | + | |
| Whiskey | 40 | + | |
| Xylene | 100 | + | O |
| Citric acid aqueous solution | Cold saturated | + | O |
| Lemon juice | | + | + |
| Sugar solution | every | + | + |

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Approval Biocompatibility PA2200'



BIOCOMPATIBILITY CERTIFICATE

Testmaterial: PA 2200

Supplier: EOS GmbH
Pasinger Strasse 2, D-82152 Planegg

Studies performed: The following studies were performed in order to determine the biocompatibility of the product PA 2200 according to ISO 10993-1:

CYTOTOXICITY

SENSITISATION, polar extract

SENSITISATION, non-polar extract

INTRACUTANEOUS REACTIVITY

Results: The product did not show any adverse effects in the studies performed. Therefore, the biocompatibility of the test material was proved.

BSL BIOSERVICE Scientific Laboratories GmbH Munich

Behringstraße 6

D-82152 Planegg

Dr. Achim Albrecht

Biological Safety Testing

Date: April 10, 2001



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